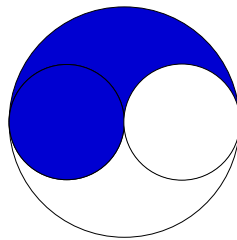


Symmetry, Translations, Rotations, and Similarity

Problems

In all the problems below, “find” means “construct”, or “draw”. You do not have to calculate the locations of all the points. Assume that solutions exist.

- Two points A and C , and a line are given. Find a point B on the line such that $AB + BC$ is a minimum.
 - A circle, a line, and a point C are given. Find a point A on the circle and a point B on the line such that $AB + BC$ is a minimum.
- Three lines are given. Find three points on these lines, one point on each line, that are vertices of an equilateral triangle. (Hint: you can choose any point on the first line as one of the vertices.)
- Show that among all rectangles with given perimeter, the square has the maximal area.
- A farmer has 2400 ft of fencing and wants to fence off a rectangular field that borders a straight river. He needs no fence along the river. What are the dimensions of the field that has the largest area?
- Two circles are given. Draw a line that is tangent to both circles and such that both circles lie on one side of the line.
- The shaded region in the figure is bounded by three semi-circles. Cut this region into four congruent parts, i.e. parts of equal size and shape.



- Two lines, p and q , and a point A are given. Draw a square $ABCD$ that satisfies the following conditions:
 - The vertex A is the given point.
 - The vertex B , the counterclockwise neighbor-vertex of A , lies on the line p .
 - The vertex C , the counterclockwise neighbor-vertex of B , lies on the line q .