Math 151

Practice problems for Test 3 - Hints

- 1. See Example 4.2.1 and Theorem 4.2.1 on pp. 202-203.
- 2. (a) Use the Euclidean algorithm: Examples 4.2.3 and 4.2.4 on pp. 207-208.
 - (b) Follow the procedure for integers: Example 1.1.4 on p. 10.
- 3. See the proof of Prop. 4.3.5 on p. 216.
- 4. Use Prop. 4.4.1, and see Example 4.4.1 on p. 222.
- 5. Factor the polynomial over ℝ. Then use the quadratic formula.
 Over Z₃: check each remainder modulo 3 (thus finding all the roots in Z₃). If there is no root, the polynomial is irreducible. If there is a root, divide by x-root. Repeat.
 Another way: rewrite x³ 2 over Z₃ so that it is either the sum or the difference

of cubes, and factor.

- 6. There are $2^3 = 8$ polynomials of degree 3 over \mathbb{Z}_2 . For each of them, find out whether or not it has roots (there are only two possible roots). A polynomial of degree 3 is irreducible iff it has no roots: Prop. 4.2.7. on p. 209.
- 7. See Theorem 4.4.6 on p. 225.
- See the chart with definitions, or the following definitions in the book: Com. ring: Def. 5.1.2 on p. 237. Integral domain: Def. 5.1.7 on p. 244. Field: Def. 4.1.1 on p. 191.
- 9. See the paragraph after Def. 5.2.9 on p. 259.
- 10. See Def. 5.2.1 on p. 250 and Excersise 5 on p. 260.
- 11. See Def. 6.1.1 and the paragraph after it on p. 283 and Examples 6.1.1 and 6.1.3 on p. 284.